acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

Rep

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 **Product identifier SB 419 Powdered Additive** Product name Product number 419SB 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses General use Uses advised against All uses other than those indicated on the product label and technical data sheet. 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Essential Industries, Inc. 28391 Essential Road P.O. Box 12 Merton Wisconsin 53056 United States

Telephone: 262-538-1122 Website: www.essind.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

800-843-6174 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute Tox. 4. Acute Tox. 3. Skin Corr. 1. Eye Dam. 1. STOT SE 3. Met. Corr. 1.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word Danger

- Pictograms



Hazard statements May be corrosive to metals.
Harmful if swallowed.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Toxic if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.



Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

- Precautionary statements Keep only in original container. Do not breathe dusts or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection. If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment (see on this label). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

2.3 Other hazards

of no significance

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance / Mixture

Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	50 - < 75	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335 Met. Corr. 1 / H290

Remarks

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

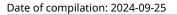
4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.





Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water, Foam, ABC-powder Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Standard protective clothing for firefighters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains, Take up mechanically

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see sec-

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

tion 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Specific notes/details

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room. The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures Do not mix with acids.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

- Corrosive conditions

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	particulate not oth- erwise regulated		REL							appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)		PEL		15					dust	29 CFR 1910.10 00
US	particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)		PEL	1,765						partml, dust	29 CFR 1910.10 00
US	particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)		PEL	529.5						partml, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.10 00
US	particulates not otherwise classi-		PEL		5					r	29 CFR 1910.10





Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

Replaces version of: 2024-09-25

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
	fied (PNOC)										00
US	Particulates not otherwise regu- lated		PEL (CA)		10					dust	Cal/OSH A PEL
US	Particulates not otherwise regu- lated		PEL (CA)		5					r	Cal/OSH A PEL

<u>Notation</u>

appx-D Ceiling-C	see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
dust	as dust
partml	particles/ml
r	respirable fraction
STEL	short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
TWA	time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time- weighted average (unless otherwise specified

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

Particulate filter device (EN 143).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	solid
Color	white
Odor	Bland

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	12.4 (in aqueous solution: 1 % (^w / _w)) (base)
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flash point	not applicable
Lower explosion limit (LEL)	not applicable
Upper explosion limit (UEL)	not applicable
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	non-combustible
Explosion limits of dust clouds	not determined
Vapor pressure	not determined
Density	not determined
Vapor density	not determined (Air=1)
Relative density	information on this property is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined
VOC	0%

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not applicable
Viscosity	not relevant (solid matter)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.



Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral	1,058 ^{mg} / _{ka}
Inhalation: vapor	>2.832 ^{mg/j} /4h
Inhalation: dust/mist	>0.6873 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	oral	770 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	inhalation: vapor	>2.06 ^{mg} /ı/4h
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	inhalation: dust/mist	>0.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Acute toxicity of components

, ,					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	oral	LD50	770 – 820 ^{mg} / _{kg}	mouse
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	inhalation: va- por	LC50	>2.06 ^{mg} /ı/4h	rat
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	dermal	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components							
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time		
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	LC50	310 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h		
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	EC50	1,700 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of \geq 0.1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of \ge 0.1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

Remarks

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Dispose of contents/container to an authorized waste treatment facility. Waste should not be disposed of by release to sewers. Avoid release to the environment. Empty container and inner liner may contain product residues. Ideally, waste should be prevented and what cannot be prevented should be re-used, recycled and recovered as much as feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information for each of the UN Model Regul	lations
Transport of dangerous goods by road or ra	il (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3262, Corrosive solid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s., (Sodium metasilicate), 8, III
Danger label(s)	8
and a second sec	
ERG No	154
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Co	ode (IMDG) - Additional information
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3262, CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S., (Sodium metasilicate), 8, III
Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	8
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg
Segregation group	18 - Alkalis
International Civil Aviation Organization (IC	AO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3262, Corrosive solid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s., (Sodium metasilicate), 8, III
Danger label(s)	8
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 kg
ION 15: Regulatory information	
Safety, health and environmental regulation National regulations	ns specific for the product in question
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE) or exempt from listing
DSL/NDSL (Canada)	all ingredients are listed on or exempt from the DSL

SEC

15.1

Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

Replaces version of: 2024-09-25

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313) none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

not listed none of the ingredients are listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

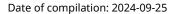
Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Sub- stances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



ESSENTIAL®

Replaces version of: 2024-09-25

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number	
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye	
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
Met. Corr.	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition	
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PEL	Permissible exposure limit	
ppm	Parts per million	
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin	
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on the tested mixture and/or formulator knowledge. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).



Date of compilation: 2024-09-25

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Disclaimer

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.